

### CAMPUS SECURITY AUTHORITY JEANNE CLERY ACT

# INCIDENT REPORT FORM SUMMARY

Brookdale Community College is required, per the 'Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crimes Statistics Act' [20 U.S.C. 1092], to annually report on certain serious crimes that occur within its reporting geography. The crime statistics are compiled annually by the College and are directly reported to the United States Department of Education. The statistics and security policy information are also included in the 'Brookdale Community College [BCC] Annual Security Report,' which can be found on the BCC website.

A 'Campus Security Authority' [CSA] is an 'official of an institution who has significant responsibilities for student and campus activities,' including but not limited to personnel who work in law enforcement, security, athletics, student activities, housing, student discipline/judicial personnel, and as advisors to student groups. This 'Campus Security Authority Jeanne Clery Incident Report Form' is intended to provide persons identified as CSAs a method [in addition to calling law enforcement] of reporting Brookdale Community College crimes that the CSAs become aware of, or that are reported directly to them. It is important to understand that 'reported' crimes do not have to be known/proven true by the CSA to be reported on the form. Institutions are required by law to report those crimes that 'reportedly' occurred. [See back of this form for crime definitions. Report if you are unsure as to whether a Clery crime has occurred or not].

Completion of this form is NOT a way of reporting a crime to the police, and will not result in a police case/investigation. The survivor is NOT required to report the incident to law enforcement, but should be encouraged to do so. If there is an emergency, call 9-1-1. Call 732-224-2222 [or x2222] to request a non-emergent response from the Monmouth County Sheriff's Office.

Brookdale is required by the Clery Act to report on certain serious crimes that occurred on property that Brookdale owns or controls. Reporting of these crimes also enhances safety and helps to prevent repeat offenses. The current student enrollment status of the offender/survivor is <u>not</u> relevant, so long as the crime was committed within Brookdale's geography. 'Geography' definitions are provided on the Incident Form. You do not need to be an expert on 'geography' or on the classification of the 'Clery crimes. The person[s] assessing a completed Incident Form can determine if the incident occurred within BCC/s geography and if the crime should be classified differently than as listed on the Form. Simply provide as much information as plausible. Complete the Incident Form even if all of the requested information/answers are not known to you.

The Clery Act <u>does not request/require any personal identifiable information</u> as it relates to incidents, and <u>BCC does not publicly disclose</u> or report to the US Dept of Education [the body that oversees Clery compliance] any names or other personal identifiable information about the offender or victim/survivor. The College <u>only reports on the numbers of each type of crime that occurs</u>. The reporting person's [CSA] name will also not be released.

Specific information provided on the form is beneficial in that it will allow for the evaluation of crime trends, and to determine if the College needs to issue a 'Timely Warning' message to the community. Timely Warnings are issued when an offender is still at large/capable of causing similar offenses/harm to others. Personal information can help the College offer/provide services to the survivor, and to ensure that crimes reported are not incorrectly counted multiple times, which would be a Clery violation.

There are four [4] general categories of Clery reporting. They include 1] Criminal Offenses, 2] VAWA/Sex Offenses, 3] Hate Crimes, and 4] Arrest/Referral for Disciplinary Actions. Depending upon circumstances, only the highest level crime will be reported to the USDOE [Ex: Robbery instead of Burglary]. In other cases, we may have to count the same crime incident in multiple categories, per Clery guidelines. [Ex: Murder, Rape, Hate]. The Clery Coordinator will make these determinations, based upon the law/guidelines.



## **CAMPUS SECURITY AUTHORITY JEANNE CLERY ACT**

# **INCIDENT REPORT FORM**

Please complete all known information on the form and use a separate form for <u>each incident</u> you are reporting. Complete and submit the form <u>even if you do not</u> know all information requested below.

<u>EMAIL THE COMPLETED FORM TO</u> the BCC Clery Coordinator [MCSO Rob Kimler] at <u>rkimler@mcsonj.org and CC the BCC Director of Security and Public Safety [Anthony Ceglie] at aceglie@brookdalecc.edu</u>.

Date of the Incident [if know						Occurred: _		<u>Ci</u>	rcle: AM /	PM
Address/BCC campus/location	on of the C	rime								_
Geography Classification:  - On-Campus - [Any building or property owned or controlled by BCC within the same reasonably geographic area and used by the institution in direct support of, or in manner related, to BCC's educational purpose. Also includes bldgs./owned by BCC but controlled by another, which is frequently used by students and supports BCC purposes										
<ul> <li>(like a retail or food vendor)]</li> <li>- Non-Campus- [Any bldg/property owned/controlled by student organization that is officially recognized by BCC, or any building/property owned/controlled by BCC, used in direct support of, or manner related to, or any bldg./property owned or controlled by BCC that is used in direct support of BCC or in relation to BCC's educational purposes, and is frequented by students, and is not within the same reasonably contiguous geographic area of the institution.]</li> <li>- Public property- [All public property, like sidewalks/streets, that's within or immed adjacent &amp; accessible to a BCC property.]</li> </ul>										
Describe the Location [eg-Building Name/Parking Lot/Cross streets/Sidewalk/Area/Woods										
Person Who is Reporting the Crime/Who made the CSA aware of the Crime. [Check appropriate box→]				A STU	JDENT	AN EMI	PLOYEE	PERSON NOT AFFILIATED WITH BCC		
Crime Being Reported to the CSA: Check all that may app for this ONE incident; Use separate forms for add'l incident PRIMARY OFFENSES:    - Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter   - Manslaughter by Negligence   - Aggravated Assault   - Robbery   - Burglary   - Motor Vehicle Theft   - Arson   - Rape   - Statutory Rape   - Incest   - Fondling   Other Law Violations/Disciplinary Referrals; Indicate   Weapon Lay					S:    Output					
# students referred in this incident			Veapon L			Drug Law				quor Violation
Check Category if Crime reported was Hate Crime →	Race	Religion	Gender	Gende	er Identity	Ethnicity	Disabili	ity N	National Origin	Sexual Orientation
Was this incident reported to law enforcement: If yes, which department?Date Write out/add/describe any information to this reported incident [Indicate if more than one victim involved]:										
Form Completed By: [Not required for submission, but ideal for ensuring proper handling/accounting]										
Name:		_ Phone N	Number		E	mail:				
BCC Department:						Date Compl	eted/Referi	ed:		
Rev. 2-2-24										

#### **CLERY DEFINITIONS/COUNTING OF CRIMES:**

Murder-Non-Negligent Homicide- The willful [non-negligent] killing of one human by another.

Negligent Manslaughter- The killing of another person through gross negligence.

<u>Rape</u>- The penetration, no matter how slight, of vagina or anus w/any body part or object, or oral penetration by/sex organ of other person, w/out consent of victim. <u>Fondling</u>- The touching of the private body parts of another person for the purpose of sexual gratification, without the consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her age or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental capacity.

Incest- Non-forcible sexual intercourse between people who are related to each other within the degrees wherein marriage is prohibited by law.

Statutory Rape- Non-forcible sexual intercourse with a person who is under the N.J. statutory age of consent. [N.J.S.A. 2C:14-2].

Robbery- The taking or attempting to take anything of value from the care, custody or control of a person or persons by force [including 'strong arm'] or threat of force or violence and/or by putting the victim in fear.

<u>Burglary-</u>The unlawful entry of a structure to commit a felony or a theft. For reporting purposes this definition includes all offenses where force is and is not used. <u>Aggravated Assault</u>- The unlawful attack by one person upon another for purpose of inflicting severe or aggravated bodily injury. This type of assault usually is accompanied by the use of a weapon or by means likely to produce death or great bodily harm.

Motor Vehicle Theft-The theft or attempted theft of a motor vehicle, which is defined as self-propelled and not on rails.

<u>Arson</u>- Any willful or malicious burning or attempt to burn, with or without the intent to defraud, a dwelling house, public building, motor vehicle or aircraft, personal property of another, etc.

<u>Hate Crime</u>- When <u>any of the Clery reportable crimes</u> that were motivated because the victim was intentionally selected because of the offender's bias against the victim, or because perpetrator perceived victim to be part of one of the protected group categories [race, religion, disability, sexual orientation, ethnicity, national origin, gender, or gender identity]. Larceny, Simple Assault, Intimidation, and Vandalism/Destruction of Property incidents are counted if the facts show that they were motivated by one of the bias categories.

<u>Larceny/Theft-</u>The unlawful taking, carrying, leading, or riding away of property from the possession or 'constructive possession' of another. Larceny is only reported/counted when it is a hate crime.

<u>Simple Assault</u>- An unlawful physical attack by one person on another when neither the offender displays a weapon, nor the victim suffers obvious severe or aggravated bodily injury involving apparent broken bones, loss of teeth, possible internal injury, severe laceration or loss of consciousness. Simple assault is only reported/counted when it is a hate crime.

<u>Intimidation</u>- To unlawfully place another person in reasonable fear of bodily harm through the use of threatening words and/or conduct, but without displaying a weapon or subjecting the victim to an actual attack. Intimidation is only reported/counted when it is a hate crime.

<u>Vandalism/Destruction of Property</u>- To willfully or maliciously destroy, damage, deface, or otherwise injure real or personal property without the consent of the owner or the person having custody or control of the property. Vandalism/destruction is only counted/reported when it is a hate crime.

<u>Liquor Law Violations</u>- Violations of State or local laws/ordinances and/or the Student Code of Conduct prohibiting the manufacture, sale, purchase, transporting, possession, or use of alcoholic beverages, and all attempts. Does not include driving under the influence and drunkenness.

<u>Drug Law Violations</u>- Violation of laws and/or the Student Code of Conduct prohibiting the possession, sale, production, distribution, and/or use of certain controlled substances and the equipment or devices utilized in their preparation and/or use. The unlawful cultivation, manufacture, distribution, sale, purchase, use, possession, transportation, or importation of any controlled drug or narcotic substance.

<u>Weapons Law Violations</u>- The violation of State or local laws or ordinances and/or the Student Code of Conduct prohibiting the manufacture, sale, purchase, transportation, possession, concealment, use of firearms, cutting instruments, explosives, incendiary devices, or other deadly weapons, and all attempts. Domestic Violence- A felony or misdemeanor crime of violence committed:

- By a current or former spouse or intimate partner of the victim;
- By a person with whom the victim shares a child in common;
- By a person who is cohabitating with, or has cohabitated with, the victim as a spouse of intimate partner;
- By a person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction/which crime of violence occurred, or
- By any other person against an adult or youth victim who is protected from that person's acts under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction in which the crime of violence occurred.

<u>Dating Violence</u>- Violence committed by a person who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim. The existence of such a relationship shall be determined based on the reporting party's statement with consideration of the length of the relationship, the type of relationship, and the frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship:

- Dating Violence includes, but is not limited to, sexual or physical abuse or the threat of such abuse.
- $\circ \hspace{0.5cm} \mbox{ Dating violence does not include acts covered under the definition of Domestic Violence. }$

Stalking- Engaging in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to:

- Fear the person's safety or the safety of others, or
- Suffer substantial emotional distress
- For purpose of this definition, 'course of conduct' means two or more acts, including, but not limited to, acts in which the stalker directly, indirectly, or through third parties, by any action, method, device, or means follows, monitors, observes, surveils, threatens, or communicates, to or about a person, or interferes with a person's property.
  - 'Reasonable person' means a reasonable person under similar circumstances and with similar identities to the victim.
  - 'Substantial emotional distress' means 'significant mental suffering or anguish that may, but does not necessarily require medical or other professional treatment or counseling.'